

# 1 January 2004, Thermodynamics, Problem 1

## 1.1 (a)

$$Z_1 = \sum_{i=-S}^S e^{B\mu i/T} = \frac{\sinh(B\mu(S+1/2)/T)}{\sinh(B\mu/2T)}$$

$$Z = \frac{Z_1^N}{N!} = \frac{1}{N!} \frac{\sinh^N(B\mu(S+1/2)/T)}{\sinh^N(B\mu/2T)} \quad (1)$$

## 1.2 (b)

$$G = -T \ln Z = -T [-\ln N! + N \ln \sinh(\mu B(S+1/2)/T) - N \ln \sinh(B\mu/2T)] \quad (2)$$

$$G \approx -T [-N \ln N + N + N \ln(2S+1)] \quad \mu B \leq \mu BS \ll kT \quad (3)$$

$$G \approx -T \left[ -N \ln N + N + \frac{N\mu BS}{T} \right] \quad (4)$$

## 1.3 (c)

$$\langle M^i \rangle = \mu \langle S^i \rangle$$

$$\langle S^i \rangle = \sum_{i=-S}^S \frac{i e^{B\mu i}}{Z} = \frac{1}{\mu} \frac{\partial (\ln Z)}{\partial B} = \coth(\mu B(S+1/2)/T) \frac{S+1/2}{T} - \coth(\mu B/2T) \frac{1}{2T}$$

$$\langle M_z \rangle = N \langle M^i \rangle = \frac{N\mu}{T} [\coth(\mu B(S+1/2)/T)(S+1/2) - \coth(\mu B/2T)]$$

$$\chi = \frac{\mu N}{T} \left[ \frac{-1}{\sinh^2[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]} \frac{\mu(S+1/2)^2}{T} + \frac{1}{4\sinh^2(\mu B/2T)} \frac{\mu}{T} \right]$$

As the field goes to zero, we must expand the sinh functions to third order in order to get the correct result:

$$\chi = \frac{\mu^2 N}{T^2} \left[ \frac{-1}{[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]^2}{3!} \right]^2} (S+1/2)^2 + \frac{1}{4(\mu B/2T)^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{(\mu B/2T)^2}{3!} \right]^2} \right] =$$

$$\approx \frac{\mu^2 N}{T^2} (S+1/2)^2 \left[ \frac{- \left[ 1 + \frac{2(\mu B/2T)^2}{3!} \right] + \left[ 1 + \frac{2[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]^2}{3!} \right]}{[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{[\mu B(S+1/2)/T]^2}{3!} \right]^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{(\mu B/2T)^2}{3!} \right]^2} \right] \approx$$

$$= \frac{\mu^2 N}{3T^2} S(S+1) \quad (5)$$

The  $\approx$  sign became  $=$  because the approximations were cutting higher orders of  $\mu B/T$ , but then that went to 0, so those terms that were cut went to 0.

#### 1.4 (d)

We start from:

$$\chi = \frac{\mu N}{T} \left[ \frac{-1}{\sinh^2[\mu B(S + 1/2)/T]} \frac{\mu(S + 1/2)^2}{T} + \frac{1}{4\sinh^2(\mu B/2T)} \frac{\mu}{T} \right]$$

and apply the approximation for large  $x$ ,  $\sinh x \approx e^x/2$ .

$$\chi \approx \frac{\mu^2 N}{4T^2} \left[ -e^{-\mu B 2S/T} e^{-\mu B/T} (2S + 1)^2 + e^{-\mu B/T} \right] \approx \frac{\mu^2 N}{4T^2} e^{-\mu B/T} \quad (6)$$