

## J04Q.2

a.

The wave function of a free particle with momentum  $p$  is

$$\psi(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[ px - \frac{p^2}{2m} t \right]\right) \quad (1)$$

Using the transformation equation given:

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\psi}(x', t) &= \psi(x, t) \exp\left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[ mvx - \frac{m}{2} v^2 t \right]\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[ (p - mv)(x' + vt) - \left(\frac{p^2}{2m} - \frac{mv^2}{2}\right) t \right]\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[ (p - mv)x' - \frac{1}{2m} (p^2 - 2pmv + m^2v^2) t \right]\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[ p'x' - \frac{(p')^2}{2m} t \right]\right) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Which is the wave function of a free particle with momentum  $p' = p - mv$  as expected.

b.

By evaluating  $\int \psi^* \psi$ , it's easy to determine that  $|N|^2 = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{\pi\hbar}}$  satisfies the normalization constraint.

At time  $t = 0$ , the initial wave function in the primed frame is

$$\hat{\psi}(x', t = 0) = N \exp\left(-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar} x'^2 - \frac{i}{\hbar} m v x'\right) \quad (3)$$

and the final ground state wave function is

$$\hat{\psi}_0(x', t = 0) = N \exp\left(-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar} x'^2\right) \quad (4)$$

Therefore the amplitude of the system being in the ground state is

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{\psi}_0 | \hat{\psi} \rangle &= \int dx' |N|^2 \exp\left(-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar} x'^2\right) \exp\left(-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar} x'^2 - \frac{i}{\hbar} m v x'\right) \\ &= |N|^2 \int dx' \exp\left(-\frac{m\omega}{\hbar} x'^2 - \frac{i}{\hbar} m v x'\right) \\ &= |N|^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi\hbar}{m\omega}} \exp\left(-\frac{mv^2}{4\hbar\omega}\right) \\ &= \exp\left(-\frac{mv^2}{4\hbar\omega}\right) \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

where the second-to-last line uses the [Gaussian integral result with a linear imaginary term](#).

The probability of finding the system in the moving ground state for  $t \geq 0$  is

$$|\langle \hat{\psi}_0 | \hat{\psi} \rangle|^2 = \exp\left(-\frac{mv^2}{2\hbar\omega}\right) \quad (6)$$

One thought on “J04Q.2”



December 8, 2013 at 10:50 pm

Good.

I have no important comments.

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