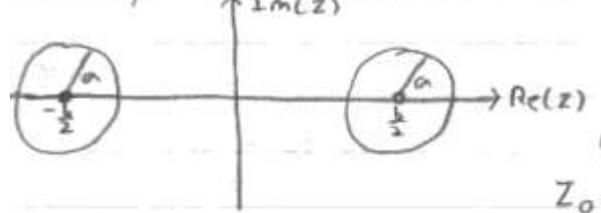


January 2000 EM 1



Find the inverse points

common to both circles:

$$(Z_0 \pm \frac{b}{2})(Z_1 \pm \frac{b}{2}) = a^2$$

$$Z_0 Z_1 \pm \frac{b}{2}(Z_0 + Z_1) + (\frac{b}{2})^2 = a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_1 = -Z_0, \quad Z_0^2 = (\frac{b}{2})^2 - a^2$$

$$\text{Let } w = \frac{Z + Z_0}{Z - Z_0}$$

$$w(Z + Z_0) = Z - Z_0$$

$$Z(w-1) = Z_0(-w-1)$$

$$Z = Z_0 \frac{1+w}{1-w}$$

$$\text{The two circles are } |Z \pm \frac{b}{2}| = a$$

$$|Z \pm \frac{b}{2}| = |Z_0 \frac{1+w}{1-w} \pm \frac{b}{2}|$$

$$a = \left| \frac{1}{1-w} [Z_0(1+w) \pm \frac{b}{2}(1-w)] \right|$$

$$ae^{i\phi} = \frac{1}{1-w} [w(Z_0 + \frac{b}{2}) + Z_0 \pm \frac{b}{2}]$$

$$ae^{i\phi} - wa e^{i\phi} = w(Z_0 + \frac{b}{2}) + Z_0 \pm \frac{b}{2}$$

$$w(Z_0 + ae^{i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2}) = -Z_0 + ae^{i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2}$$

$$w(Z_0 + ae^{i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2})(Z_0 + ae^{-i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2}) = (-Z_0 + ae^{i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2})(Z_0 + ae^{-i\phi} \mp \frac{b}{2})$$

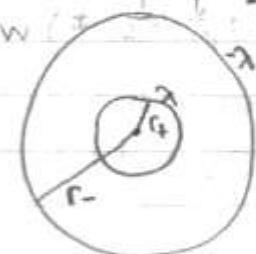
$$w[Z_0^2 + a^2 + (\frac{b}{2})^2 + (Z_0 \mp \frac{b}{2})(ae^{i\phi} + ae^{-i\phi}) \mp Z_0 b]$$

$$= -Z_0^2 + a^2 + (\frac{b}{2})^2 + Z_0(ae^{i\phi} + ae^{-i\phi}) \mp \frac{b}{2}(ae^{i\phi} + ae^{-i\phi})$$

$$w[\frac{b}{2}^2 + (Z_0 \mp \frac{b}{2})2ac \cos \phi \mp Z_0 b] = 2a^2 + ab \cos \phi + 2aZ_0 i \sin \phi$$

$$w(Z_0 \mp \frac{b}{2})[\mp b + 2a \cos \phi] = a(2a + b \cos \phi + 2iZ_0 \sin \phi)$$

$$w(\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{2iZ_0}{\frac{b}{2} \mp Z_0} \frac{a}{b} = ir_F \quad \begin{matrix} \text{real axis maps to real axis} \\ \text{thus this gives the radius} \end{matrix}$$



$$2\pi r E \ell = 4\pi \lambda \ell$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{2\lambda}{r} \hat{r}$$

$$V = \int_{r_+}^{r_-} E(r) dr$$

$$V = \int_{r_+}^{r_-} \frac{2\lambda}{r} dr$$

$$V = 2\lambda \ln\left(\frac{r_-}{r_+}\right) = 2\lambda \ln\left(\frac{b/2 + Z_0}{b/2 - Z_0}\right)$$

$$V = 2\lambda \ln\left(\frac{(b/2 + Z_0)^2}{(b/2)^2 - Z_0^2}\right)$$

$$V = 4\lambda \ln\left(\frac{b/2 + Z_0}{a}\right)$$

$$CV = \lambda \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{4 \ln\left(\frac{b/2 + Z_0}{a}\right)}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{4 \ln\left(\frac{b/2 + \sqrt{(b/2)^2 - a^2}}{a}\right)}$$